

$\overline{\mathbb{R}} = +三讲 (2024.11.25)$

Thm (Pettis) 自反空间的闭子空间的自反.

Pf 设 X 自反. $Y \overset{\text{闭}}{\hookrightarrow} X$

只需证: $\forall \tilde{z} \in Y^{**}, \exists y \in Y$ s.t.
 $\tilde{z}(f) = f(y), \forall f \in Y^*$

$$(y = i^{-1}(\tilde{z}), \tilde{z} = y^{**})$$

$\frac{1}{2}$ 映射 $T: X^* \rightarrow Y^*$
 $f \mapsto f|_Y$

$$\Rightarrow T \in \mathcal{L}(X^*, Y^*)$$

$$\Rightarrow T^* \in \mathcal{L}(Y^{**}, X^{**}) \text{ s.t.}$$

$$(T^*\tilde{z})(f) = \tilde{z}(Tf), \forall f \in X^*$$

X 自反 $\stackrel{\text{def}}{\iff}$ 自然映射 $i: X \rightarrow X^{**}$ 为满射

$$\stackrel{T^*\tilde{z} \in X^{**}}{\implies} \exists y \in X \text{ s.t. } T^*\tilde{z} = y^{**}$$

$$\implies (T^*\tilde{z})(f) = y^{**}(f) = f(y), \forall f \in X^*$$

(*)

Claim 1 $y \in Y$

假设不然, 则 $\exists \tilde{f} \in X^*$ s.t.

$$\tilde{f}(Y) = \{0\} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \tilde{f}(y) = \text{dist}(y, Y) > 0$$

\Downarrow

$$T\tilde{f} = \tilde{f}|_Y = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad \tilde{f}(y) = (T^*\tilde{z})(\tilde{f}) = \tilde{z}(T\tilde{f}) = 0$$

$\frac{3}{1} \sqrt{0}$

Claim 2 $\exists \mathcal{J}(f) = f(y)$, $\forall f \in Y^*$

$\forall f \in Y^*$, $\exists F \in X^*$ s.t. $f = TF$ (by HBT)

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow \mathcal{J}(f) &= \mathcal{J}(TF) = (T^*\mathcal{J})(F) = F(y) = f(y) \\ &\quad \uparrow \quad \quad \quad \uparrow \\ &\quad \text{由 (*)} \quad \quad y \in Y \\ &\quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \\ &\quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \text{由 } F|_Y = f \end{aligned}$$

Def $(X, \|\cdot\|)$

序列 $\{x_n\}_{n=1}^\infty \subset X$ 弱收敛于 $x_0 \in X$ 是指:

$$f(x_n) \rightarrow f(x_0), \quad \forall f \in X^*$$

记为 $x_n \xrightarrow{w} x_0$ 或 $x_n \rightarrow x_0$

x_0 称为 $\{x_n\}_{n=1}^\infty$ 的弱极限.

Prop 弱极限 (如果存在) 唯一.

Pf 设 $\begin{cases} x_n \xrightarrow{w} x_0 \\ x_n \xrightarrow{w} y_0 \end{cases}$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} f(x_n) \rightarrow f(x_0), \\ f(x_n) \rightarrow f(y_0), \end{cases} \quad \forall f \in X^*$$

$$\Rightarrow f(x_0) = f(y_0), \quad \forall f \in X^*$$

$$\stackrel{\text{HBT}}{\Rightarrow} x_0 = y_0.$$

Def 范数拓扑下的收敛称为强收敛.

Prop 强收敛 \Rightarrow 弱收敛.

Pf $\|x_n - x_0\| \rightarrow 0$

$$\Rightarrow |f(x_n) - f(x_0)| \leq \|f\| \|x_n - x_0\| \rightarrow 0, \quad \forall f \in X^*$$

例: $L^2(\mathbb{T})$ 中
 $e_k(t) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} e^{-2\pi i k t}$, $t \in [-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2})$, $k \in \mathbb{Z}$.

$\Rightarrow e_k \xrightarrow{w} 0$ as $|k| \rightarrow \infty$

$\forall f \in (L^2(\mathbb{T}))^*$, $\exists! \nu \in L^2(\mathbb{T})$ s.t.

$$f(u) = \int_{-\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{1}{2}} u(t)\nu(t) dt, \quad u \in L^2(\mathbb{T})$$

$$\Rightarrow f(e_k) = \int_{-\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{1}{2}} \nu(t) e^{-2\pi i k t} dt = \hat{\nu}(k) \rightarrow 0$$

as $|k| \rightarrow \infty$

(Riemann-Lebesgue lem)

Thm $\dim X < \infty \Rightarrow \exists \exists \{e_k\}$ 与 $\exists \exists \{f_k\}$ 等价.

Pf $\exists \dim X = m \Leftrightarrow \{e_1, \dots, e_m\}$ 为 X 的一个基.

Ex. 2.4.7 $\Rightarrow \exists f_1, \dots, f_m \in X^*$ (对偶基) s.t.

$$f_j(e_k) = \delta_{jk}, \quad j, k = 1, 2, \dots, m$$

设 $\alpha_n \xrightarrow{w} \alpha_0$

$$\sum_{k=1}^m \alpha_k^{(n)} e_k \quad \sum_{k=1}^m \alpha_k^{(0)} e_k$$

$$\Rightarrow f_j(\alpha_n) \rightarrow f_j(\alpha_0), \quad j = 1, \dots, m$$

$\underbrace{\alpha_j^{(n)}} \quad \underbrace{\alpha_j^{(0)}}$

$$\Rightarrow \|\alpha_n - \alpha_0\|_\infty \rightarrow 0 \quad \text{with} \quad \|\alpha\|_\infty \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \max_{1 \leq k \leq m} |\alpha_k|$$

对偶基 $\{f_k\}$ 与 $\{e_k\}$ 等价

$$\Rightarrow \|\alpha_n - \alpha_0\| \rightarrow 0$$

(Rank: 矩阵秩不降) $\hat{=}$
 反证: Schur $\hat{=}$ 弱)

Thm (Mazur)

$$\alpha_n \xrightarrow{w} \alpha_0 \Rightarrow \alpha_0 \in \overline{\text{conv}(\{\alpha_n\}_{n=1}^\infty)}$$

$$\text{Pf: } \hat{C} \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \overline{\text{conv}(\{x_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty})}$$

假设 $x_0 \notin C$

$$\text{Ascoli} \Rightarrow \exists f \in X^*, \exists \alpha \in \mathbb{R} \text{ s.t.}$$

$$\sup_{x \in C} f(x) < \alpha < f(x_0)$$

$$\Rightarrow f(x_n) < \alpha < f(x_0), \quad n=1, 2, \dots$$

$$\text{故 } f(x_n) \rightarrow f(x_0) \quad \frac{3}{2} \text{ 矛盾}$$

Def 称 $\{f_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty} \subset X^*$ 强收敛于 $f \in X^*$ 是指:

$$f_n(x) \rightarrow f(x), \quad \forall x \in X$$

记为 $f_n \xrightarrow{w^*} f$

Rmk: X^* 中

$$\text{强收敛} \Rightarrow \text{弱收敛} \Rightarrow \text{弱*收敛}$$

$$\begin{aligned} f_n \xrightarrow{w} f &\stackrel{\text{def}}{\iff} \Lambda(f_n) \rightarrow \Lambda(f), \quad \forall \Lambda \in X^{**} \\ &\Rightarrow \alpha^{**}(f_n) \rightarrow \alpha^{**}(f), \quad \forall \alpha \in X \\ &\iff f_n(x) \rightarrow f(x), \quad \forall x \in X \\ &\stackrel{\text{def}}{\iff} f_n \xrightarrow{w^*} f \end{aligned}$$

Prop X 自反 $\Rightarrow X^*$ 中弱*收敛与弱收敛等价

Rmk: 逆命题不成立, 反例: ℓ^{∞}

Thm $(X, \|\cdot\|)$

$$x_n \xrightarrow{w} x_0 \iff \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sup_n \|x_n\| < \infty \quad (\text{从而弱收敛序列有界}) \\ \exists \mathcal{F} \stackrel{\text{dense}}{=} X^* \text{ s.t.} \\ f(x_n) \rightarrow f(x_0), \quad \forall f \in \mathcal{F} \end{array} \right.$$

对原命题
 $\Rightarrow \{f_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$ 弱收敛 $\{f_{n_k}\}_{k=1}^{\infty}$ s.t.
 $\forall m. \{f_{n_k}(x_m)\}_{k=1}^{\infty}$ 收敛

Claim $\exists f \in X^*$ s.t. $f_{n_k} \xrightarrow{w^*} f$

$\forall x \in X, \forall \varepsilon > 0, \exists x_m \in \{x_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$ s.t.

$$\|x - x_m\| < \frac{\varepsilon}{3C}$$

$$\Rightarrow |f_{n_{k+p}}(x) - f_{n_k}(x)|$$

$$\leq \underbrace{|f_{n_{k+p}}(x) - f_{n_{k+p}}(x_m)|}_{\leq C\|x-x_m\| < \varepsilon/3} + \underbrace{|f_{n_{k+p}}(x_m) - f_{n_k}(x_m)|}_{< \varepsilon/3 \text{ 当 } k \text{ 充分大, } \forall p} + \underbrace{|f_{n_k}(x_m) - f_{n_k}(x)|}_{\leq C\|x-x_m\| < \varepsilon/3}$$

$$< \varepsilon, \text{ 当 } k \text{ 充分大, } \forall p$$

$\Rightarrow f(x) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} f_{n_k}(x)$ 存在.

$$\|f(x)\| \leq \sup_n |f_n(x)| \leq \sup_n \|f_n\| \|x\|$$

$\Rightarrow f \in X^* \quad \perp \quad f_{n_k} \xrightarrow{w^*} f$

Thm (Alaoglu)

$(X, \|\cdot\|)$

X^* 中闭单位球是弱*紧的

Thm (Eberlein-Smulian)

X 是 reflexive

(1) X 中有弱收敛子列

(2) X 中闭单位球是弱紧的