

第十七讲 (2024.11.4)

Def X — 向量空间

如果函数 $p: X \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ s.t.

(i) (正齐次性) $p(tx) = t p(x), \forall x \in X, \forall t > 0.$

(ii) (次可加性) $p(x+y) \leq p(x) + p(y), \forall x, y \in X.$

则称 p 为 X 上 一个次线性泛函.

如果 p 还满足齐次性:

$$p(\lambda x) = |\lambda| p(x), \forall x \in X, \forall \lambda \in \mathbb{K},$$

则称 p 为 半范数.

Prop: 1° 次线性泛函是凸函数.

$$p(\alpha x + (1-\alpha)y) \leq p(\alpha x) + p((1-\alpha)y) = \alpha p(x) + (1-\alpha)p(y)$$

2° 半范数非负

$$\forall x \in X. \quad 2 p(x) = p(x) + p(-x) \geq p(0) = 0$$

3° 如果半范数 p 还满足 " $p(x) = 0 \Rightarrow x = 0$ ". 则 p 为范数

Thm (HBT over \mathbb{R})

X — 实向量空间

p — X 上次线性泛函

M — 子空间

f — M 上线性泛函 s.t. $f(x) \leq p(x), \forall x \in M$

则存在 X 上线性泛函 F , s.t.

(i) $F|_M = f$

(ii) $F(x) \leq p(x), \forall x \in X.$

Lem 2.4.14 同证

设 $x_0 \in X \setminus M$.

$$\tilde{M} = M \oplus \text{span}\{x_0\}$$

(2) $\exists \tilde{f}: \tilde{M} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ 线性 s.t.

(i) $\tilde{f}|_M = f$

(ii) $\tilde{f}(x) \leq p(x), \forall x \in \tilde{M}$

Pf $\forall x, y \in M$,

$$f(x) + f(y) = f(x+y) \leq p(x+y) \leq p(x-x_0) + p(y+x_0)$$

$$\Rightarrow f(x) - p(x-x_0) \leq p(y+x_0) - f(y), \forall x, y \in M.$$

$$\Rightarrow \sup_{x \in M} [f(x) - p(x-x_0)] \leq \inf_{y \in M} [p(y+x_0) - f(y)]$$

$$\Rightarrow \exists \beta \in \mathbb{R} \text{ s.t.}$$

$$(*) \quad f(x) - p(x-x_0) \leq \beta \leq p(y+x_0) - f(y) \\ \forall x, y \in M$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \times \quad \tilde{f}: \tilde{M} \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \\ x + \lambda x_0 \mapsto f(x) + \lambda \beta$$

$$\Rightarrow \tilde{f} \text{ 线性 } \underline{\Leftrightarrow} \tilde{f}|_M = f$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \text{ 证: } \tilde{f}(x + \lambda x_0) \leq p(x + \lambda x_0), \quad \forall x \in M, \forall \lambda \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\lambda = 0 \text{ 时, } \tilde{f} \leq p$$

$$\lambda \neq 0 \text{ 时, 不妨设 } \lambda > 0 \quad (\lambda < 0 \text{ 时以 } -\lambda \text{ 代 } \lambda)$$

$$\text{取 } (*) \text{ 中 } x, y \text{ 均代以 } \frac{x}{\lambda}$$

$$f\left(\frac{x}{\lambda}\right) - p\left(\frac{x}{\lambda} - x_0\right) \leq \beta \leq p\left(\frac{x}{\lambda} + x_0\right) - f\left(\frac{x}{\lambda}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow f(x) - p(x - \lambda x_0) \leq \lambda \beta \leq p(x + \lambda x_0) - f(x)$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} \underbrace{f(x) - \lambda \beta}_{\tilde{f}(x - \lambda x_0)} \leq p(x - \lambda x_0) \\ \underbrace{f(x) + \lambda \beta}_{\tilde{f}(x + \lambda x_0)} \leq p(x + \lambda x_0) \end{cases}$$

Pf of Thm

对两个线性泛函 g, h , 如

(i) $\text{Dom}(g) \subset \text{Dom}(h)$

(ii) $h|_{\text{Dom}(g)} = g$

则称 h 为 g 的一个延拓

则

$$\mathcal{F} \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{ g : g \text{ 为 } f \text{ 的延拓, } g(x) \leq p(x), \forall x \in \text{Dom}(g) \}$$

上列 λ 偏序

$$g \preceq h \stackrel{\text{def}}{\Leftrightarrow} h \text{ 为 } g \text{ 的延拓}$$

设 \mathcal{C} 为 \mathcal{F} 的极大子集, 令

$$Y = \bigcup_{g \in \mathcal{C}} \text{Dom}(g)$$

$$\Rightarrow Y \subset X$$

$$\exists \tilde{x} \quad G : Y \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$x \mapsto g(x) \quad \text{if } x \in \text{Dom}(g)$$

\mathcal{L} 全序 $\Rightarrow G$ 良序且 \mathcal{L} 的 ω -并

Zorn $\Rightarrow \mathcal{F}$ 有极大元 F

Claim $\text{Dom}(F) = X$

假设不然. 'i) $\exists x_0 \in X \setminus \text{Dom}(F)$

Lem $\Rightarrow \exists \text{Dom}(F) \oplus \text{span}\{x_0\}$ 上线性映射 \tilde{F} s.t.

$$(i) \tilde{F}|_{\text{Dom}(F)} = F$$

$$(ii) \tilde{F}(x) \leq p(x), \forall x \in \text{Dom}(F) \oplus \text{span}\{x_0\}$$

$\Rightarrow \tilde{F} \in \mathcal{F}$ 且 $F \subsetneq \tilde{F}$, 与 F 的极大性矛盾

Thm (HBT over \mathbb{C})

X — 复向量空间

p — X 上半范数.

M — 子空间

\forall 复线性映射 $f: M \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ with $|f(x)| \leq p(x), \forall x \in M$

\exists ... $F: X \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ s.t.

$$(i) F|_M = f$$

$$(ii) |F(x)| \leq p(x), \forall x \in X.$$

Pf: Step 1 先把 X 看作复向量空间

$$\hat{g} \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{Re } f$$

$\Rightarrow g \upharpoonright M = \text{实线性泛函}$ s.t.

$$g(x) \leq |f(x)| \leq p(x), \quad \forall x \in M.$$

$\stackrel{\text{ii)}}{\Rightarrow}$ - Thm $\exists G: X \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ 实线性 s.t.

(i) $G|_M = g$

(ii) $G(x) \leq p(x), \quad \forall x \in X.$

Step 2 \mathbb{C}

$\hat{?}$ $F(x) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} G(x) - iG(ix)$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} F(x+y) = F(x) + F(y) \\ F(\alpha x) = \alpha F(x), \quad \forall x \in X, \forall \alpha \in \mathbb{R} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow F((\alpha_1 + i\alpha_2)x) &= F(\alpha_1 x) + F(i\alpha_2 x) \\ &= \alpha_1 F(x) + \alpha_2 F(ix) \end{aligned}$$

$\forall \alpha_1, \alpha_2 \in \mathbb{R}, \forall x \in X$

$$\Rightarrow \text{只需证 } F(ix) = iF(x), \quad \forall x \in X.$$

$$\begin{aligned} F(ix) &= G(ix) - iG(i \cdot ix) \\ &= G(ix) + iG(x) \\ &= i(G(x) - iG(ix)) = iF(x) \end{aligned}$$

Step 3 $F|_M = f$

$$\begin{aligned} \forall x \in M, \quad F(x) &= G(x) - iG(ix) \\ &= g(x) - ig(ix) \\ &= \operatorname{Re} f(x) - i \operatorname{Re} f(ix) \\ &= \operatorname{Re} f(x) - i \underbrace{\operatorname{Re} [if(x)]}_{= -\operatorname{Im} f(x)} = f(x) \end{aligned}$$

Step 4 $|F(x)| \leq p(x), \forall x \in X$

$\forall x \in X,$

if $F(x) = 0, \forall x \in X$

if $F(x) \neq 0$

$\Rightarrow \exists \theta \in \mathbb{R} \text{ s.t. } |F(x)| = e^{-i\theta} F(x)$

$\Rightarrow |F(x)| = F(e^{-i\theta} x)$

$= G(e^{-i\theta} x) - i G(i e^{-i\theta} x)$

$\underbrace{\quad}_{=0} (\because \text{LHS} \in \mathbb{R})$

$\leq p(e^{-i\theta} x)$

$\stackrel{\text{add}}{=} p(x)$

Thm (HBT)

$(X, \|\cdot\|)$

$M \hookrightarrow X$

$\forall f \in M^*, \exists F \in X^* \text{ s.t.}$

$F|_M = f \quad \& \quad \|F\| = \|f\|. \quad (\text{保范延拓})$

PF $\frac{1}{2} x$

$p(x) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \|f\| \|x\|, \quad x \in X.$

$\Rightarrow |f(x)| \leq \|f\| \|x\| = p(x), \quad \forall x \in M.$

HBT over \mathbb{C}

$\Rightarrow \exists X \text{ 线性泛函 } F \text{ s.t.}$

$F|_M = f, \quad |F(x)| \leq p(x), \quad \forall x \in X$



$|F(x)| \leq \|f\| \|x\|, \quad \forall x \in X$

$$\Rightarrow f \in X^* \quad \underline{\text{and}} \quad \|f\| \leq \|f\|$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \|f\| \geq \|f\| \quad \forall f \in X^*$$

Ex 1 (HBT 中 2.6.2.5 -)

$$(\mathbb{R}^2, \|\cdot\|_1), \quad \|(x_1, x_2)\|_1 = |x_1| + |x_2|$$

$$M = \mathbb{R} \times \{0\}$$

$$f: M \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, \quad (x, 0) \mapsto x$$

$$\Rightarrow f \in M^* \quad \underline{\text{and}} \quad \|f\| = 1$$

Ex 2

$$F_t: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$(x_1, x_2) \mapsto x_1 + t x_2$$

$$\Rightarrow F_t|_M = f, \quad \forall t \in (-1, 1)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \forall t \in (-1, 1)$$

$$|F_t(x_1, x_2)| = |x_1 + t x_2| \leq |x_1| + |t| |x_2| \leq \|(x_1, x_2)\|_1$$

$$\Rightarrow \|F_t\| \leq 1.$$

Cor $\forall x_0 \in X, \exists f \in X^*$ with $\|f\| = 1$ s.t.

$$f(x_0) = \|x_0\|$$

Pf Ex 1 $M \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{span}\{x_0\}$

$$f_0: M \rightarrow \mathbb{K}$$

$$\lambda x_0 \mapsto \lambda \|x_0\|$$

$$\Rightarrow |f_0(x)| = |\lambda| \|x_0\| = \|x\|, \quad \forall x = \lambda x_0 \in M$$

$$\Rightarrow f_0 \in M^* \quad \underline{\text{and}} \quad \|f_0\| = 1$$

$$\text{HBT} \Rightarrow \exists f \in X^* \quad \text{s.t.}$$

$$\begin{cases} f|_M = f_0 & \Rightarrow & f(x_0) = f_0(x_0) = \|x_0\| \\ \|f\| = \|f_0\| = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\underline{\text{Cor 2}} \quad X \neq \{0\} \quad \Rightarrow \quad X^* \neq \{0\}$$

$$\underline{\text{Pf}} \quad \exists 0 \neq x_0 \in X$$

$$\underline{\text{Cor 1}} \Rightarrow \exists f \in X^* \quad \text{with} \quad \|f\| = 1 \quad \text{s.t.}$$

$$f(x_0) = \|x_0\| \neq 0$$