

1 第14教学周12.5

Applications

引理1.1 (Product lemma). *Let $f, g \in \mathcal{S}(\mathbb{R}^d)$, $s \geq 0$. Then we have*

$$\|fg\|_{H^s} \lesssim \|f\|_{H^s} \|g\|_{L^\infty} + \|f\|_{L^\infty} \|g\|_{H^s}. \quad (1.1)$$

命题1.2 (Hardy's inequality). *For $f \in \mathcal{S}(\mathbb{R}^d)$, and $s \in [0, \frac{d}{2})$,*

$$\left\| \frac{f}{|x|^s} \right\|_{L^2} \lesssim \| |\nabla|^s f \|_{L^2}. \quad (1.2)$$

1.6 Method of stationary and non-stationary phase

引理1.3. *If $\nabla\phi \neq 0$ on $\text{supp } a$, then the integral*

$$\left| \int_{\mathbb{R}^d} e^{i\lambda\phi(\xi)} a(\xi) d\xi \right| \leq C(N, a, \phi) \lambda^{-N}, \quad \lambda \rightarrow \infty \quad (1.3)$$

for arbitrary $N \geq 1$.

引理1.4. *If $\nabla\phi(\xi_0) = 0$ for some $\xi_0 \in \text{supp}(a)$, $\nabla\phi \neq 0$ away from ξ_0 , and the Hessian of ϕ at the stationary point ξ_0 is nondegenerate, i.e., $\det \nabla^2\phi(\xi_0) \neq 0$, then for all $\lambda \geq 1$*

$$\left| \int_{\mathbb{R}^d} e^{i\lambda\phi(\xi)} a(\xi) d\xi \right| \leq C(d, a, \phi) \lambda^{-d/2}. \quad (1.4)$$

Elementary of distribution theory

1.1 Basic spaces

Ω : open set. K : compact set.

定义1.5 ($\mathcal{E}(\Omega)$ space). *A sequence $\varphi_j \in C^\infty(\Omega)$, $j \in \mathbb{N}$, converges in $C^\infty(\Omega)$ to a function $\varphi \in C^\infty(\Omega)$ as $j \rightarrow \infty$, if and only if for any compact set $K \subset \Omega$ and any $m \in \mathbb{N}_0$ one has*

$$\lim_{j \rightarrow \infty} \sup_{\alpha \in \mathbb{N}_0^n, |\alpha| \leq m} \sup_{x \in K} |\partial^\alpha (\varphi_j - \varphi)(x)| = 0.$$

定义1.6 ($\mathcal{D}(\Omega)$ space). Let $\varphi_j \in C_c^\infty(\Omega)$, and $\varphi \in C_c^\infty(\Omega)$.

$$\varphi_j \rightarrow \varphi \quad \text{in } \mathcal{D}(\Omega) \tag{1.5}$$

if and only if

1. $\exists K \subseteq \Omega$ compact set such that $\text{supp } \varphi_j \subset K$ for $j \geq 1$, and $\text{supp } \varphi \subset K$.
2. $\forall \alpha, \lim_{j \rightarrow \infty} \sup_{x \in K} |\partial^\alpha(\varphi_j - \varphi)(x)| = 0$.

命题1.7. 1. $\partial^\alpha : \varphi \mapsto \partial^\alpha \varphi$ is continuous in $\mathcal{D}(\Omega)$, $\mathcal{S}(\mathbb{R}^d)$, and $\mathcal{E}(\Omega)$.

2. For $g \in C^\infty(\Omega)$, $M_g : \varphi \mapsto g\varphi$ is continuous in $\mathcal{D}(\Omega)$ and $\mathcal{E}(\Omega)$.

作业

P_{300} 27; P_{308} 30, 36;